## Quiz <br> CORRECT ANSWER TO THE QUIZ. CHECK YOUR DIAGNOSIS

# Sebaceous trichofolliculoma of the cheek in a 65 -yearold man 

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Sebaceous trichofolliculoma is considered as hamartomatous lesion with follicular differentiation. In this study, we demonstrated a classic histopathologic picture of sebaceous trichofolliculoma in a 65 -year-old male presented with large sized right cheek swelling.

Key words: sebaceous trichofolliculoma, cheek, hamartoma, hair follicles.

## Introduction

Sebaceous trichofolliculoma is a variant of trichofolliculoma (TF), which is considered as a hamartomatous lesion with follicular differentiation. In this report we describe a classic case of TF present as a cheek mass in a 65-year-old man.

## Discussion

Trichofolloculoma usually arises in skin of the face, neck and scalp $[1]$ but it can arise in other sites, such as the vulva [2] and penis [3]. Affection of cheek similar to that seen in our case was also reported $[4]$. The age of TF greatly varied from young age (7 years) [5] to very old one ( 86 years) $\{6\}$.

The present case represents the classic histopathologic picture of TF that also showed dense inflammation. Inflammation may be absent in TF or present in variable degrees [7]. TF usually presents with a single nodule with or without pore formation, its size varies greatly from 0.3 cm up to 1.8 cm according to Wu, 2008 [7]. The case under discussion concern large nodule that reached 4 cm in maximal diameter. Folliculosebaceous cystic hamartoma is an intimately
related lesion to TF that may reach giant forms up to 15 cm [8]. The two entities shared each other in histopathological changes of hair follicles but mesenchymal changes are more apparent in folliculosebaceous cystic hamartoma [9]. Schulz and Hartschuh [9] proposed that folliculosebaceous cystic hamartoma is a late-stage of TF and represents an abnormal variant along the normal hair follicle cycle of regression.

## The authors declare no conflict of interest.

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Fig. 1. Sebaceous trichofolliculoma with the characteristic dilated primary follicles filled with keratin and radiating secondary follicles associated with sebaceous lobules. Dense inflammation surrounding the dilated pilosebaceous units (HE staining $\times 100$ for $\mathbf{A}$, and $\mathbf{B}, \times 200$ for $\mathbf{C}$ and $\mathbf{D}$ )
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